S5925-5

# State Labor SUMMARY

Employment Security Commission
of North Carolina,
Labor Market Information Division

June 1991

# State Labor Summary:
## North Carolina

*June 1991*

**Employment Security Commission**
**of North Carolina**

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*Labor Market Information Division*
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# *State Labor Summary North Carolina June 1991*

## *HIGHLIGHTS*

North Carolina's seasonally adjusted unemployment rate in June 1991 was 6.2 percent, declining 0.5 from the May 1991 rate of 6.7. In June 1990 the state's unemployment rate was 3.8. For the nation, the adjusted unemployment rate was 7.0 in June 1991. The national rate was 5.3 in June 1990.

The civilian labor force for North Carolina in June was estimated at 3,443,000, a monthly increase of 31,000 from the May estimate of 3,412,000. From June 1990, the civilian labor force increased by 9,000.

Seasonally adjusted employment for June was 3,230,000. This was an increase of 47,000 from the May level of 3,183,000. The number employed in June 1991 was 75,000 less than in June 1990. The number of persons unemployed declined by 16,000 in June (213,000) from May (229,000). From a year ago (129,000), the unemployed estimate was up by 84,000.

In June, North Carolina's seasonally adjusted industry employment declined to 3,091,200, or 10,300 less than the prior month's estimate of 3,101,500. An over-the-month loss of 3,600 in the goods producing sector and 7,700 in the service producing sector accounted for this decline. Manufacturing (-1,300); construction (-2,300); and government (-3,500) had the largest worker losses.

From June 1990-June 1991, industry payrolls declined by 46,600. Manufacturing employment declined by 33,900, to a level of 831,100 as employment in goods producing declined by 43,000 to 991,900. The manufacturing sector losses were most significant in furniture; textiles; electrical equipment; transportation equipment; stone, clay and glass; and apparel. In service producing (-3,600), big losses occurred in trade (-12,900) and government (-2,500). Moving counter to this trend, the service & miscellaneous industry produced an additional 11,200 jobs.

Production workers in North Carolina's manufacturing industries earned $9.16 an hour in June. The average hours worked were 40.4, and average weekly earnings amounted to $370.06. There was an increase of 60 cents an hour in average hourly earnings from June 1990 . Workers in cigarette manufacturing were the highest hourly wage earners at $21.33. In service producing, the average hourly earnings were highest among workers in transportation, communication and public utilities at $13.62.

The number of production workers in North Carolina's manufacturing industries increased by 3,000, from 636,700 in May to 639,700 in June. This increase was spread across the entire sector with paper & allied products increasing by 1,100. From June of last year, manufacturing lost 34,700 production workers. This loss occurred throughout the manufacturing sector with the most significant losses in the textile (-9,700); furniture (-5,200); electronic equipment (-3,000); transportation equipment (-2,900); and apparel (-4,900) industries.

There were 11,258 persons placed in jobs through the Employment Security Commission in June 1991. Of those 3,879 were placed in manufacturing industries; 2,895 persons found jobs in the service industry; while 1,629 were placed in the trade industry. By occupational category, 1,972 individuals were employed in packaging and materials handling; 1,506 in clerical; 1,121 in structural and 917 in machine trades.

# Table 1

***Employment Status of the North Carolina Civilian Population***

***June 1991***

***(Numbers in Thousands)***

Seasonally Adjusted

| | Reference Month: Previous Year | Time Series Data: January 1991 through June 1991 | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | June 1990 | Jan. 1991 | Feb. 1991 | Mar. 1991 | Apr. 1991 | May 1991 | June 1991 |
| Civilian Noninstitutional Population | 4,996 | 5,033 | 5,038 | 5,043 | 5,048 | 5,053 | 5,058 |
| Civilian Labor Force | 3,434 | 3,376 | 3,436 | 3,402 | 3,417 | 3,412 | 3,443 |
| Participation Rate[1] | 68.7 | 67.1 | 68.2 | 67.5 | 67.7 | 67.5 | 68.1 |
| Employed | 3,305 | 3,209 | 3,253 | 3,210 | 3,221 | 3,183 | 3,230 |
| Employment-Population Ratio[2] | 66.2 | 63.8 | 64.6 | 63.7 | 63.8 | 63.0 | 63.9 |
| Unemployed | 129 | 167 | 183 | 192 | 196 | 229 | 213 |
| Unemployment Rate | 3.8 | 4.9 | 5.3 | 5.6 | 5.7 | 6.7 | 6.2 |
| Insured Unemployment Rate[3] | -- | --- | --- | --- | -- | -- | --- |

Not Seasonally Adjusted

| | Reference Month: Previous Year | Time Series Data: April 1991 through June 1991 | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | June 1990 | Apr. 1991 | May 1991 | June 1991 |
| Civilian Noninstitutional Population | 4,996 | 5,048 | 5,053 | 5,053 |
| Civilian Labor Force | 3,471 | 3,383 | 3,424 | 3,424 |
| Participation Rate[1] | 69.5 | 67.0 | 67.8 | 67.8 |
| Employed | 3,339 | 3,221 | 3,196 | 3,196 |
| Employment-Population Ratio[2] | 66.8 | 63.8 | 63.2 | 63.2 |
| Unemployed | 132 | 196 | 228 | 228 |
| Unemployment Rate | 3.8 | 5.7 | 6.6 | 6.6 |
| Insured Unemployment Rate[3] | 1.5 | 3.2 | 2.5 | INA |

[1]The participation rate represents the percentage of individuals in the civilian population that are in the labor force.
[2]The employment-population ratio represents the percentage of individuals in the civilian population who are employed.
[3]The insured unemployment rate represents a weekly average of weeks claimed for unemployment insurance benefits in a given month as a percentage of employment covered under the Employment Security Law for the most recent 12-month period for which data are available.

# Table 2

***Employment Status of the United States Civilian Population***

***June 1991***

***(Numbers in Thousands)***

Seasonally Adjusted

| | Reference Month: Previous Year | Time Series Data: January 1991 through June 1991 | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | June 1990 | Jan. 1991 | Feb. 1991 | Mar. 1991 | Apr. 1991 | May 1991 | June 1991 |
| Civilian Noninstitutional Population | 187,977 | 188,977 | 189,115 | 189,243 | 189,380 | 189,522 | 189,668 |
| Civilian Labor Force | 124,797 | 124,638 | 125,076 | 125,326 | 125,672 | 125,232 | 125,629 |
| Participation Rate[1] | 66.4 | 66.0 | 66.1 | 66.2 | 66.4 | 66.1 | 66.2 |
| Employed | 118,237 | 116,922 | 116,918 | 116,754 | 117,398 | 116,591 | 116,884 |
| Employment-Population Ratio[2] | 62.9 | 61.9 | 61.8 | 61.7 | 62.0 | 61.5 | 61.6 |
| Unemployed | 6,560 | 7,715 | 8,158 | 8,572 | 8,274 | 8,640 | 8,745 |
| Unemployment Rate | 5.3 | 6.2 | 6.5 | 6.8 | 6.6 | 6.9 | 7.0 |
| Insured Unemployment Rate[3] | 2.3 | 2.9 | 3.0 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.3 | INA |

Not Seasonally Adjusted

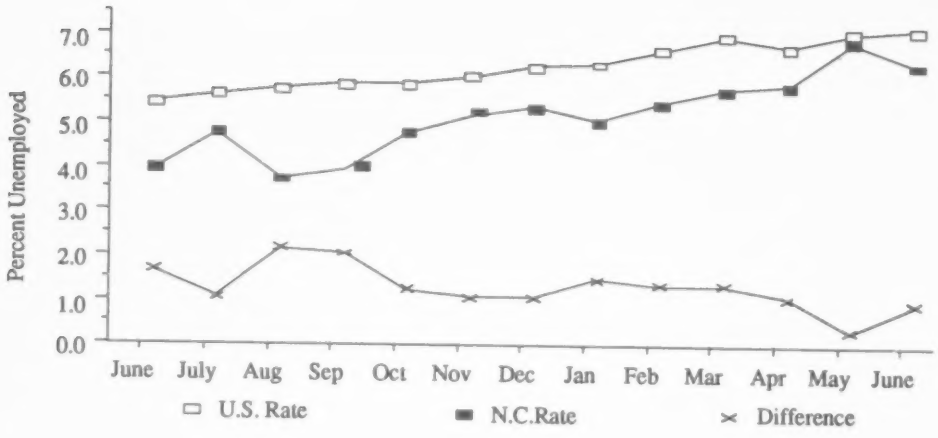
| | Reference Month: Previous Year | Time Series Data: April 1991 through June 1991 | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | June 1990 | Apr. 1991 | May 1991 | June 1991 |
| Civilian Noninstitutional Population | 187,977 | 189,380 | 189,522 | 189,668 |
| Civilian Labor Force | 126,307 | 124,727 | 124,857 | 127,054 |
| Participation Rate[1] | 67.2 | 65.9 | 65.9 | 67.0 |
| Employed | 119,605 | 116,678 | 116,624 | 118,280 |
| Employment-Population Ratio[2] | 63.6 | 61.6 | 61.5 | 62.4 |
| Unemployed | 6,7.2 | 8,049 | 8,233 | 8,774 |
| Unemployment Rate | 5.3 | 6.5 | 6.6 | 6.9 |
| Insured Unemployment Rate[3] | 2.1 | 3.4 | 3.1 | INA |

[1]The participation rate represents the percentage of individuals in the civilian population that are in the labor force.
[2]The employment-population ratio represents the percentage of individuals in the civilian population who are employed.
[3]The insured unemployment rate represents a weekly average of weeks claimed for unemployment insurance benefits in a given month as a percentage of employment covered under the Employment Security Law for the most recent 12-month period for which data are available.

# Figure 1

***A Comparison of Unemployment Rates in North Carolina and the United States (Seasonally Adjusted)***

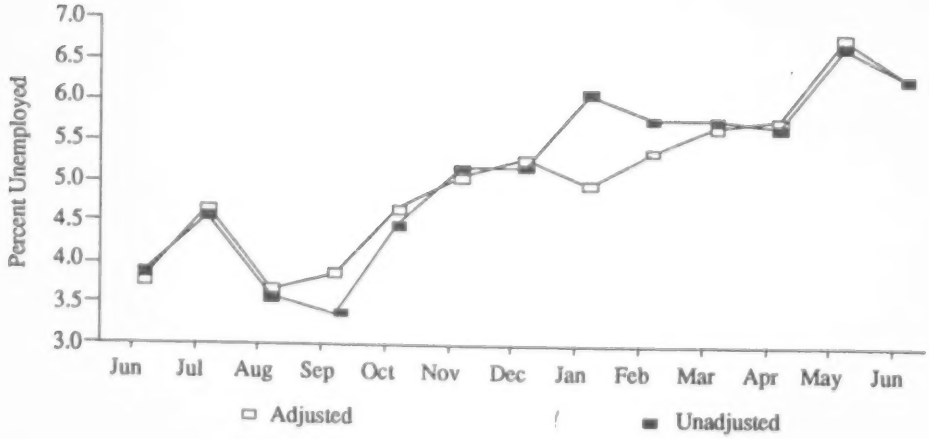
***June 1990-June 1991***




# Figure 2

***North Carolina Unemployment Rates (Adjusted and Unadjusted)***

***June 1990-June 1991***



# Table 3

***Industry Employment in North Carolina***

***June 1991[1]***

***(Seasonally Adjusted)***
***(Numbers in Thousands)***

| Classification | Total Employment | | | Change From: | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | May 1991 | | June 1990 | |
| | June 1991 | May[2] 1991 | June 1990 | Net | Percent | Net | Percent |
| (Not Seasonally Adjusted) | | | | | | | |
| Civilian Labor Force [3] | 3,481.9 | 3,424.0 | 3,471.1 | + 57.9 | + 1.7 | + 10.8 | + 0.3 |
| Employment, Total | 3,265.6 | 3,196.4 | 3,339.4 | + 69.2 | + 2.2 | + 73.8 | + 2.2 |
| Unemployment, Total | 216.3 | 227.6 | 131.7 | - 11.3 | - 5.0 | + 84.6 | + 64.2 |
| Percent of Civilian Labor Force | 6.2 | 6.6 | 3.8 | - 0.4 | xxx | + 2.4 | xxx |
| (Seasonally Adjusted) | | | | | | | |
| Civilian Labor Force[3] | 3,443.0 | 3,412.0 | 3,434.0 | + 31.0 | + 0.9 | + 9.0 | + 0.3 |
| Employment, Total | 3,230.0 | 3,183.0 | 3,305.0 | + 47.0 | + 1.4 | - 75.0 | - 2.3 |
| Unemployment, Total | 213.0 | 229.0 | 129.0 | - 16.0 | - 12.4 | + 84.0 | + 65.1 |
| Percent of Civilian Labor Force | 6.2 | 6.7 | 3.8 | - 0.5 | xxx | + 2.4 | xxx |
| Total Nonagricultural Employment | 3,091.2 | 3,101.5 | 3,137.8 | - 10.3 | - 0.3 | - 46.6 | - 1.5 |
| Goods Producing | 991.9 | 995.5 | 1,034.9 | - 3.6 | - 0.4 | - 43.0 | - 4.2 |
| Mining | 5.2 | 5.2 | 5.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | - 0.2 | - 3.7 |
| Construction | 155.6 | 157.9 | 164.5 | - 2.3 | - 1.5 | - 8.9 | - 5.4 |
| Manufacturing | 831.1 | 832.4 | 865.0 | - 1.3 | - 0.2 | - 33.9 | - 3.9 |
| Durable Goods | 340.0 | 340.9 | 356.5 | - 0.9 | - 0.3 | - 16.5 | - 4.6 |
| Lumber & Wood Products | 35.4 | 35.6 | 36.3 | - 0.2 | - 0.6 | - 0.9 | - 2.5 |
| Sawmills & Planing Mills | 12.3 | 12.3 | 12.6 | 0.0 | 0.0 | - 0.3 | - 2.4 |
| Millwork, Plywood & Structural Members | 9.3 | 9.3 | 9.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | - 0.5 | - 5.1 |
| Furniture & Fixtures | 80.6 | 80.5 | 85.5 | + 0.1 | + 0.1 | - 4.9 | - 5.7 |
| Household Furniture | 71.5 | 71.4 | 75.7 | + 0.1 | + 0.1 | - 4.2 | - 5.5 |
| Wood Household Furniture | 35.4 | 35.6 | 37.6 | - 0.2 | - 0.6 | - 2.2 | - 5.9 |
| Upholstered Household Furniture | 29.3 | 29.4 | 31.3 | - 0.1 | - 0.3 | - 2.0 | - 6.4 |

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[2]Revised.
[3]Data are compiled on the basis of Place of Residence.
[4]This category includes Instruments & Related Products and Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries.
[5]This category includes Petroleum & Coal Products and Leather and Leather Products.
[6]This category includes Services, except Domestic, Agricultural Services, Forestry and Fisheries.
[7]This category includes self-employed workers, unpaid family workers and domestic workers in private households.
*Less than .05 percent.
All data are based upon 1987 Standard Industrial Classification Codes.
Industry employment compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

# Table 3

*(Continued)*

***Industry Employment in North Carolina***

***June 1991[1]***

***(Seasonally Adjusted)***
***(Numbers in Thousands)***

| Classification | Total Employment | | | Change From: | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | May 1991 | | June 1990 | |
| | June 1991 | May[2] 1991 | June 1990 | Net | Percent | Net | Percent |
| Stone, Clay & Glass | 21.1 | 21.3 | 23.2 | - 0.2 | - 0.9 | - 2.1 | - 9.1 |
| Structural Clay Products | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.8 | + 0.1 | + 4.2 | - 0.3 | - 10.7 |
| Concrete, Gypsum & Plaster Prods. | 6.0 | 6.3 | 6.5 | - 0.3 | - 4.8 | - 0.5 | - 7.7 |
| Primary Metal Products | 11.6 | 11.7 | 12.2 | - 0.1 | - 0.9 | - 0.6 | - 4.9 |
| Fabricated Metal Products | 30.3 | 30.2 | 30.9 | + 0.1 | + 0.3 | - 0.6 | - 1.9 |
| Fab. Struct. Metal Products | 9.6 | 9.6 | 9.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | + 0.2 | + 2.1 |
| Industrial Machinery | 63.7 | 64.1 | 65.5 | - 0.4 | - 0.6 | - 1.8 | - 2.7 |
| Special Industry Machinery | 7.5 | 7.7 | 8.3 | - 0.2 | - 2.6 | - 0.8 | - 9.6 |
| Electrical & Electronic Equipment | 53.2 | 53.3 | 55.1 | - 0.1 | - 0.2 | - 1.9 | - 3.4 |
| Household Appliances | 4.1 | 4.1 | 5.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | - 1.0 | - 19.6 |
| Transportation Equipment | 23.0 | 22.9 | 26.0 | + 0.1 | + 0.4 | - 3.0 | - 11.5 |
| Other Durable Goods[4] | 21.1 | 21.3 | 21.8 | - 0.2 | - 0.9 | - 0.7 | - 3.2 |
| Nondurable Goods | 491.1 | 491.5 | 508.5 | - 0.4 | - 0.1 | - 17.4 | - 3.4 |
| Food & Kindred Products | 49.9 | 50.3 | 50.8 | - 0.4 | - 0.8 | - 0.9 | - 1.8 |
| Meat Products | 24.6 | 24.6 | 25.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | - 0.4 | - 1.6 |
| Meat Packing Plants | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Dairy Products | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Grain Mill Products | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | + 0.1 | + 4.0 |
| Bakery Products | 8.3 | 8.2 | 8.2 | + 0.1 | + 1.2 | + 0.1 | + 1.2 |
| Beverages | 4.7 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Tobacco Manufacturers | 19.5 | 19.1 | 20.1 | + 0.4 | + 2.1 | - 0.6 | - 3.0 |
| Cigarettes | 15.3 | 15.0 | 15.6 | + 0.3 | + 2.0 | - 0.3 | - 1.9 |
| Tobacco Stemming & Redrying | 3.8 | 3.3 | 4.4 | + 0.5 | + 15.2 | - 0.6 | - 13.6 |
| Textile Mill Products | 208.0 | 207.9 | 217.8 | + 0.1 | * | - 9.8 | - 4.5 |
| Broadwoven Fabrics: Cotton, Manmade & Wool | 50.6 | 50.8 | 52.8 | - 0.2 | - 0.4 | - 2.2 | - 4.2 |
| Broadwoven Fabrics: Cotton | 23.3 | 23.3 | 24.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | - 1.2 | - 4.9 |
| Broadwoven Fabrics, Manmade | 24.7 | 24.6 | 25.4 | + 0.1 | + 0.4 | - 0.7 | - 2.8 |

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[2]Revised.
[3]Data are compiled on the basis of Place of Residence.
[4]This category includes Instruments & Related Products and Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries.
[5]This category includes Petroleum & Coal Products and Leather and Leather Products.
[6]This category includes Services, except Domestic, Agricultural Services, Forestry and Fisheries.
[7]This category includes self-employed workers, unpaid family workers and domestic workers in private households.
*Less than .05 percent.
All data are based on 1987 Standard Industrial Classification Codes.
Industry employment compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

# Table 3

*(Continued)*

***Industry Employment in North Carolina***

***June 1991[1]***

***(Seasonally Adjusted)***
***(Numbers in Thousands)***

| Classification | Total Employment | | | Change From: | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | June 1991 | May[2] 1991 | June 1990 | May 1991 Net | May 1991 Percent | June 1990 Net | June 1990 Percent |
| Knitting Mills | 82.7 | 82.7 | 84.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | - 1.7 | - 2.0 |
| Women's Hosiery, exc. Socks | 22.2 | 22.2 | 22.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | - 0.6 | - 2.6 |
| Hosiery, NEC | 22.5 | 22.6 | 22.4 | - 0.1 | - 0.4 | - 0.9 | - 3.8 |
| Weft Knit Fabric Mills | 16.3 | 16.3 | 16.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | - 0.4 | - 2.4 |
| Lace & Warp Knit Fabric Mills | 7.3 | 7.3 | 7.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Textile Finishing, exc. Wool | 15.3 | 15.4 | 16.1 | - 0.1 | - 0.6 | - 0.8 | - 5.0 |
| Yarn & Thread Mills | 45.8 | 45.9 | 50.7 | - 0.1 | - 0.2 | - 4.9 | - 9.7 |
| Apparel & Other Textile Products | 77.9 | 78.1 | 82.0 | - 0.2 | - 0.3 | - 4.1 | - 5.0 |
| Men's & Boy's Suits, Coats & Furnishings | 28.1 | 27.9 | 29.8 | + 0.2 | + 0.7 | - 1.7 | - 5.7 |
| Women's & Children's Outerwear & Undergarments | 29.2 | 29.2 | 30.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | - 1.5 | - 4.9 |
| Paper & Allied Products | 23.1 | 23.2 | 23.1 | - 0.1 | - 0.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Pulp, Paper & Paperboard Mills | 9.8 | 9.9 | 9.9 | - 0.1 | - 1.0 | + 0.1 | + 1.0 |
| Paperboard Containers & Boxes | 8.8 | 9.0 | 9.0 | - 0.2 | - 2.2 | 0.2 | - 2.2 |
| Printing & Publishing | 30.2 | 30.4 | 31.0 | - 0.2 | - 0.7 | - 0.8 | - 2.6 |
| Newspapers | 10.3 | 10.4 | 10.8 | - 0.1 | - 1.0 | - 0.5 | - 4.6 |
| Chemicals & Allied Products | 45.3 | 45.3 | 44.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 | + 0.4 | + 0.9 |
| Plastics Materials & Synthetics | 14.2 | 14.4 | 14.0 | - 0.2 | - 1.4 | + 0.2 | + 1.4 |
| Rubber & Miscellaneous Plastic Products | 33.5 | 33.5 | 34.6 | 0.0 | 0.0 | - 1.1 | - 3.2 |
| Other Nondurable Goods[3] | 3.7 | 3.7 | 4.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | - 0.5 | - 11.9 |
| Service Producing | 2,099.3 | 2,106.0 | 2,102.9 | - 6.7 | - 0.3 | - 3.6 | - 0.2 |
| Transportation | 152.7 | 153.8 | 151.9 | - 1.1 | - 0.7 | - 0.8 | - 0.5 |
| Comm. & Electric, Gas & Sanitary Services | 56.9 | 57.2 | 57.4 | - 0.3 | - 0.5 | - 0.5 | - 0.9 |

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[5]This category includes Petroleum & Coal Products and Leather and Leather Products.
[6]This category includes Services, except Domestic, Agricultural Services, Forestry and Fisheries.
[7]This category includes self-employed workers, unpaid family workers and domestic workers in private households.
[8]Less than .05 percent
All data are based on 1987 Standard Industrial Classification Codes.
Industry employment compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

# Table 3

*(Continued)*

***Industry Employment in North Carolina***

***June 1991[1]***

***(Seasonally Adjusted)***
***(Numbers in Thousands)***

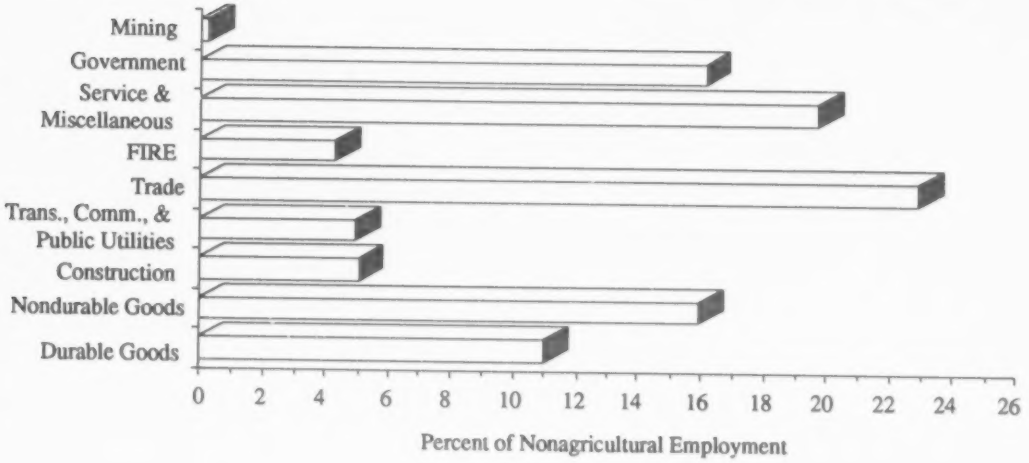
| Classification | Total Employment | | | Change From: | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | May 1991 | | June 1990 | |
| | June 1991 | May[2] 1991 | June 1990 | Net | Percent | Net | Percent |
| Wholesale and Retail Trade | 708.1 | 709.6 | 721.0 | - 1.5 | - 0.2 | - 12.9 | 1.8 |
| Wholesale Trade | 163.8 | 164.0 | 168.4 | - 0.2 | - 0.1 | - 4.6 | - 2.7 |
| Wholesale Trade - Durable Goods | 93.3 | 93.7 | 96.9 | - 0.4 | - 0.4 | - 3.6 | - 3.7 |
| Wholesale Trade - Nondurable Goods | 70.5 | 70.3 | 71.5 | + 0.2 | + 0.3 | - 1.0 | - 1.4 |
| Retail Trade | 544.3 | 545.6 | 552.6 | - 1.3 | - 0.2 | - 8.3 | - 1.5 |
| General Merchandise Stores | 75.2 | 75.2 | 79.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | - 4.5 | - 5.6 |
| Food Stores | 91.2 | 91.6 | 91.1 | - 0.4 | - 0.4 | + 0.1 | + 0.1 |
| Finance, Insurance & Real Estate | 134.0 | 134.6 | 134.2 | - 0.6 | - 0.4 | - 0.2 | - 0.1 |
| Service & Miscellaneous[6] | 608.0 | 608.0 | 596.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | + 11.2 | + 1.9 |
| Hotels & Other Lodging Places | 31.2 | 31.7 | 31.7 | - 0.5 | - 1.6 | - 0.5 | - 1.6 |
| Personal Services | 29.6 | 29.5 | 28.9 | + 0.1 | + 0.3 | + 0.7 | + 2.4 |
| Laundries, Cleaning & Garment Service | 13.7 | 13.7 | 14.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | - 0.4 | - 2.8 |
| Total Government | 496.5 | 500.0 | 499.0 | - 3.5 | - 0.7 | - 2.5 | - 0.5 |
| Federal | 58.9 | 58.7 | 64.7 | + 0.2 | + 0.3 | - 5.8 | - 9.0 |
| State | 137.4 | 139.4 | 139.7 | - 2.0 | - 1.4 | - 2.3 | - 1.6 |
| Education | 69.7 | 71.1 | 72.7 | - 1.4 | - 2.0 | - 3.0 | - 4.1 |
| Other | 67.7 | 68.3 | 67.0 | - 0.6 | - 0.9 | + 0.7 | + 1.0 |
| Local | 300.2 | 301.9 | 294.6 | - 1.7 | - 0.6 | + 5.6 | + 1.9 |
| Education | 157.1 | 157.5 | 154.7 | - 0.4 | - 0.3 | + 2.4 | + 1.6 |
| Other | 143.1 | 144.4 | 139.9 | - 1.3 | - 0.9 | + 3.2 | + 2.3 |
| All Other Nonag. Employment[7] | 274.6 | 264.8 | 266.8 | + 9.8 | + 3.7 | + 7.8 | + 2.9 |
| Agriculture | 57.1 | 65.7 | 58.9 | - 8.6 | - 13.1 | - 1.8 | - 3.1 |

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[2]Revised.
[3]Data are compiled on the basis of Place of Residence.
[4]This category includes Instruments & Related Products and Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries.
[5]This category includes Petroleum & Coal Products and Leather and Leather Products.
[6]This category includes Services, except Domestic, Agricultural Services, Forestry and Fisheries.
[7]This category includes self-employed workers, unpaid family workers and domestic workers in private households.
*Less than .05 percent.
All data are based on 1987 Standard Industrial Classification Codes.
Industry employment compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

# Figure 3

***Composition of Nonagricultural Employment in North Carolina (Seasonally Adjusted)***

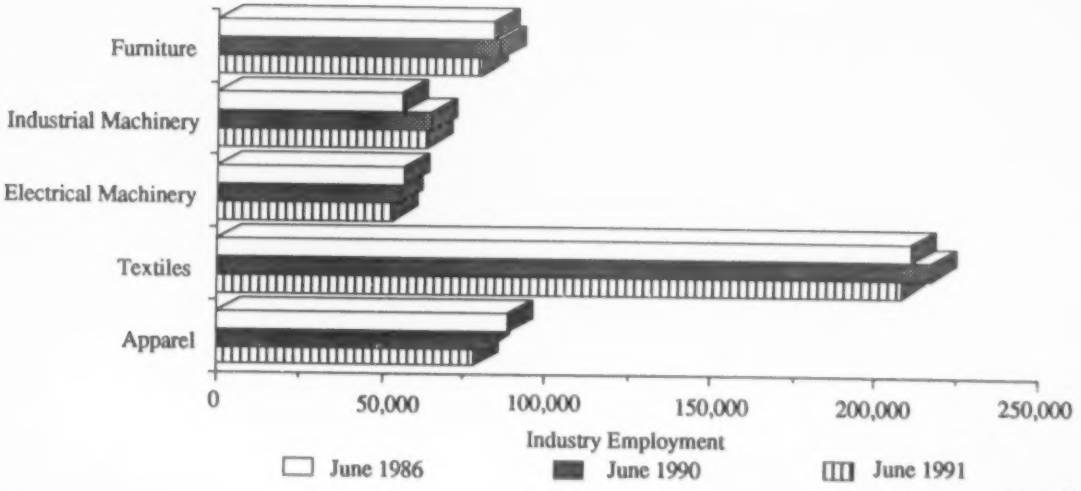
***June 1991***




# Figure 4

***Employment Levels in Major Manufacturing Industries in North Carolina (Seasonally Adjusted)***

***June 1991***



# *Table 4*

***Individuals Placed in Jobs by the Employment Security Commission by Occupational Categories and Industrial Divisions June 1991[1]***

| Occupational Categories and Divisions | Total Individuals Placed[2] | Total Individuals Placed In Regular Jobs[2, 3] | Agriculture, Forestry & Fishery | Mining | Construction |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Total | 11,258 | 10,281 | 1,051 | 26 | 866 |
| Professional, Technical & Managerial Occupations | 383 | 383 | 1 | 0 | 5 |
| Clerical Occupations | 1,506 | 1,487 | 7 | 0 | 22 |
| Sales Occupations | 390 | 374 | 0 | 0 | 8 |
| Domestic Service Occupations | 132 | 108 | 7 | 0 | 2 |
| Other Service Occupations | 1,611 | 1,577 | 1 | 1 | 26 |
| Agriculture, Forestry, Fishery & Related Occupations | 2,067 | 1,175 | 968 | 21 | 27 |
| Processing Occupations | 1,227 | 1,225 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Machine Trade Occupations | 1,917 | 914 | 1 | 1 | 34 |
| Benchwork Occupations | 1,182 | 1,180 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Structural Work Occupations | 1,121 | 1,051 | 3 | 0 | 707 |
| Motor Freight & Transportation Occupations | 275 | 250 | 1 | 0 | 29 |
| Packaging & Materials Handling Occupations | 1,972 | 1,833 | 133 | 1 | 21 |
| Miscellaneous Occupations | 28 | 27 | 0 | 1 | 1 |

[1]The program year for the Employment Service Division runs from July 1, 1990 to June 30, 1991.
[2]The Total Individuals Placed and Total Individuals Placed in Regular Jobs do not include individuals who were placed in more than one job during the program year. However, the figures listed for industrial divisions do count each placement of an individual.
[3]A regular job is defined as a job which has a duration of three or more days.

# Table 4
(Continued)

***Individuals Placed in Jobs by the Employment Security Commission by Occupational Categories and Industrial Divisions June 1991[1]***

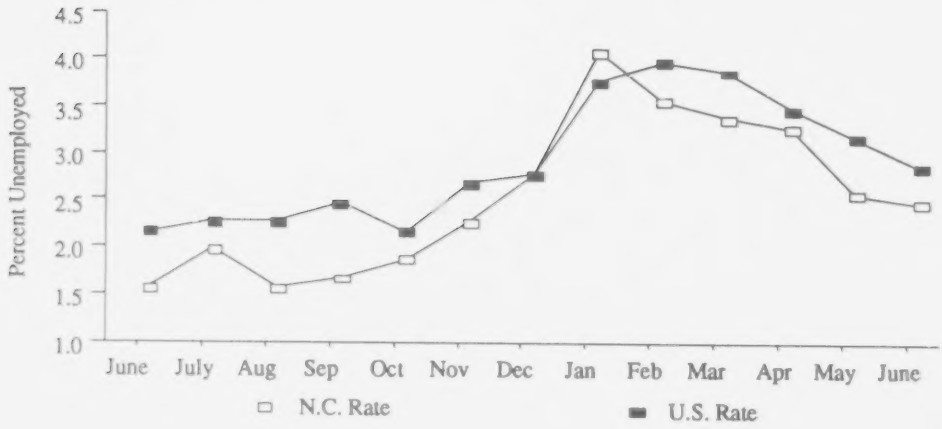
| Manufacturing | Transportation & Utilities | Wholesale & Retail Trade | Finance, Insurance & Real Estate | Services | Public Administration | Government |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 3,879 | 349 | 1,629 | 192 | 2,895 | 479 | 1,009 |
| 35 | 1 | 48 | 22 | 157 | 119 | 170 |
| 148 | 121 | 515 | 107 | 474 | 134 | 322 |
| 7 | 0 | 291 | 17 | 61 | 0 | 7 |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 88 | 11 | 16 |
| 71 | 57 | 500 | 16 | 867 | 105 | 270 |
| 31 | 3 | 2 | 9 | 120 | 47 | 115 |
| 1,093 | 0 | 13 | 0 | 153 | 0 | 0 |
| 753 | 3 | 54 | 2 | 72 | 0 | 1 |
| 1,030 | 6 | 11 | 0 | 146 | 1 | 1 |
| 143 | 15 | 35 | 13 | 162 | 29 | 35 |
| 31 | 80 | 60 | 3 | 48 | 12 | 15 |
| 785 | 83 | 142 | 3 | 692 | 22 | 73 |
| 8 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 12 | 3 | 3 |

[1]The program year for the Employment Service Division runs from July 1, 1990 to June 30, 1991.
[2]The Total Individuals Placed and Total Individuals Placed in Regular Jobs do not include individuals who were placed in more than one job during the program year. However, the figures listed for industrial divisions do count each placement of an individual.
[3]A regular job is defined as a job which has a duration of three or more days.

# Figure 5

***A Comparison of Insured Unemployment Rates in North Carolina and the United States (Not Seasonally Adjusted)***

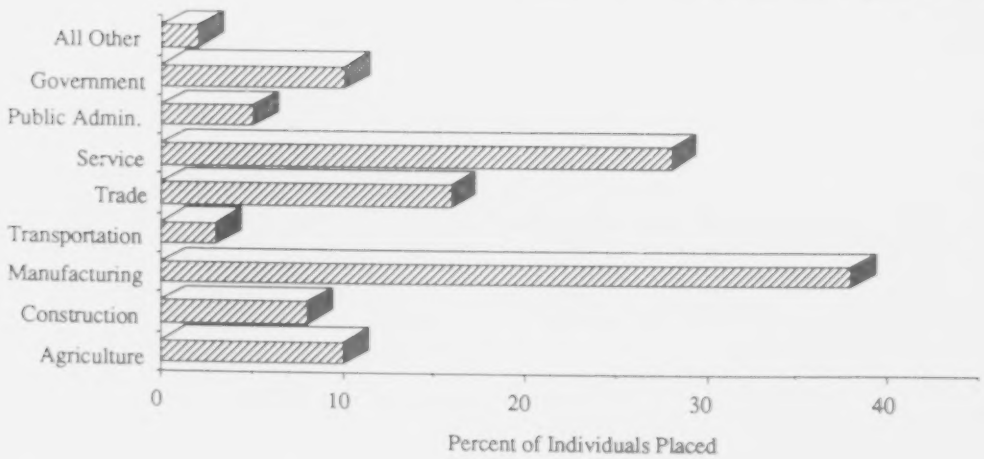
***June 1990-June 1991***




# Figure 6

***Individuals Placed in Jobs through the Employment Security Commission by Major Industrial Category***

***June 1991***



# *Appendix*


*Table I* — *Detailed Industry Employment (not seasonally adjusted) in North Carolina*

*Table II* — *Average Weekly Earnings, Hours and Hourly Earnings of Selected Production and Non-Supervisory Workers in North Carolina*

*Figure I* — *Average Hourly Earnings by Major Industry Sectors in North Carolina*

*Figure II* — *Average Hourly Earnings in Durable Goods Compared to the North Carolina Average*

*Table III* — *Production Workers in Selected Manufacturing Industries in North Carolina*

# Table I

***Detailed Industry Employment in North Carolina (Not Seasonally Adjusted)***

***June 1991[1]***

***(Numbers in Thousands)***

| Industry | Total Employment | | | Percent Change From: | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | June 1991 | May[2] 1991 | June 1990 | May 1991 | June 1990 |
| Total Nonagricultural Employment | 3,119.3 | 3,109.4 | 3,165.5 | + 0.3 | - 1.5 |
| Goods Producing | 999.1 | 993.9 | 1,042.9 | + 0.5 | - 4.2 |
| Mining | 5.2 | 5.2 | 5.4 | 0.0 | - 3.7 |
| Construction | 160.0 | 158.4 | 169.1 | + 1.0 | - 5.4 |
| Manufacturing | 833.9 | 830.3 | 868.4 | + 0.4 | - 4.0 |
| Durable Goods | 341.6 | 340.9 | 358.3 | + 0.2 | - 4.7 |
| Lumber & Wood Products | 35.9 | 35.8 | 36.8 | + 0.3 | - 2.4 |
| Sawmills & Planing Mills | 12.5 | 12.5 | 12.8 | 0.0 | - 2.3 |
| Millwork, Plywood & Structural Members | 9.4 | 9.3 | 10.0 | + 1.1 | - 6.0 |
| Furniture & Fixtures | 80.4 | 80.3 | 85.4 | + 0.1 | - 5.9 |
| Household Furniture | 71.4 | 71.3 | 75.6 | + 0.1 | - 5.6 |
| Wood Household Furniture | 35.4 | 35.5 | 37.6 | - 0.3 | - 5.9 |
| Upholstered Household Furniture | 29.3 | 29.4 | 31.3 | - 0.3 | - 6.4 |
| Stone, Clay & Glass Products | 21.3 | 21.3 | 23.4 | 0.0 | - 9.0 |
| Structural Clay Products | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.8 | + 4.2 | - 10.7 |
| Concrete, Gypsum & Plaster Products | 6.1 | 6.3 | 6.7 | - 3.2 | - 9.0 |
| Primary Metal Industries | 11.7 | 11.7 | 12.3 | 0.0 | - 4.9 |
| Fabricated Metal Industries | 30.2 | 30.0 | 30.9 | + 0.7 | - 2.3 |
| Fabricated Structural Metal Products | 9.6 | 9.6 | 9.4 | 0.0 | + 2.1 |
| Machinery, except Electrical | 64.3 | 64.4 | 66.1 | - 0.2 | - 2.7 |
| Special Industry Machinery | 7.5 | 7.7 | 8.3 | - 2.6 | - 9.6 |
| Electrical & Electronic Equipment | 53.4 | 53.1 | 55.3 | + 0.6 | - 3.4 |
| Household Appliances | 4.1 | 4.0 | 5.1 | + 2.5 | - 19.6 |
| Transportation Equipment | 23.2 | 23.1 | 26.2 | + 0.4 | - 11.5 |
| Other Durable Goods[3] | 21.2 | 21.2 | 21.9 | 0.0 | - 3.2 |
| Nondurable Goods | 492.3 | 489.4 | 510.1 | + 0.6 | - 3.5 |
| Food & Kindred Products | 50.5 | 49.8 | 51.5 | + 1.4 | - 1.9 |
| Meat Products | 24.6 | 24.5 | 25.0 | + 0.4 | - 1.6 |
| Meat Packing Plants | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Dairy Products | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Grain Mill Products | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 0.0 | + 4.0 |
| Bakery Products | 8.3 | 8.2 | 8.2 | + 1.2 | + 1.2 |
| Beverages | 4.7 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[2]Revised.
[3]This category includes Instruments & Related Products and Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries.
[4]This category includes Petroleum & Coal Products and Leather & Leather Products.
[5]This category includes Services, except Domestic, Agricultural Services; Forestry and Fisheries.
[6]Less than .05 percent.
All data are based on 1987 Standard Industrial Classification Codes.
Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

# *Table I*
*(Continued)*

***Detailed Industry Employment in North Carolina (Not Seasonally Adjusted)***

***June 1991[1]***

***(Numbers in Thousands)***

| Industry | Total Employment | | | Percent Change From: | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | June 1991 | May[2] 1991 | June 1990 | May 1991 | June 1990 |
| Tobacco Manufacturers | 17.8 | 17.4 | 18.4 | + 2.3 | - 3.3 |
| Cigarettes | 15.3 | 14.8 | 15.6 | + 3.4 | - 1.9 |
| Tobacco Stemming & Redrying | 2.0 | 2.1 | 2.3 | - 4.8 | - 13.0 |
| Textile Mill Products | 209.2 | 207.9 | 219.2 | + 0.6 | - 4.6 |
| Weaving Mills, Cotton, Manmade & Wool | 50.6 | 50.5 | 52.8 | + 0.2 | - 4.2 |
| Weaving Mills, Cotton | 23.3 | 23.3 | 24.5 | 0.0 | - 4.9 |
| Weaving Mills, Manmade | 24.7 | 24.4 | 25.4 | + 1.2 | - 2.8 |
| Knitting Mills | 83.4 | 82.8 | 85.1 | + 0.7 | - 2.0 |
| Women's Hosiery, except Socks | 22.4 | 22.2 | 23.0 | + 0.9 | - 2.6 |
| Hosiery, NEC | 22.4 | 22.4 | 23.4 | + 0.4 | - 3.8 |
| Weft Knit Fabric Mills | 16.5 | 16.4 | 16.9 | + 0.6 | - 2.4 |
| Lace & Warp Knit Fabric Mills | 7.4 | 7.4 | 7.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Textile Finishing, except Wool | 15.5 | 15.4 | 16.3 | + 0.6 | - 4.9 |
| Yarn & Thread Mills | 46.3 | 46.0 | 51.2 | + 0.7 | - 9.6 |
| Apparel & Other Textile Products | 77.8 | 77.9 | 81.9 | - 0.1 | - 5.0 |
| Men's & Boys' Suits, Coats & Furnishings | 28.0 | 28.0 | 29.7 | 0.0 | - 5.7 |
| Women's & Children's Outerwear & Undergarments | 29.3 | 29.1 | 30.8 | + 0.7 | - 4.9 |
| Paper & Allied Products | 23.3 | 23.1 | 23.3 | + 0.9 | 0.0 |
| Pulp, Paper & Paperboard Mills | 9.9 | 9.9 | 10.0 | 0.0 | - 1.0 |
| Paperboard Containers & Boxes | 8.9 | 8.9 | 9.1 | 0.0 | - 2.2 |
| Printing & Publishing | 30.4 | 30.5 | 31.2 | - 0.3 | - 2.6 |
| Newspapers | 10.4 | 10.4 | 10.9 | 0.0 | - 4.6 |
| Chemicals & Allied Products | 45.8 | 45.4 | 45.4 | + 0.9 | + 0.9 |
| Plastics Materials & Synthetics | 14.3 | 14.4 | 14.1 | - 0.7 | + 1.4 |
| Rubber & Miscellaneous Plastics Products | 33.8 | 33.7 | 35.0 | + 0.3 | - 3.4 |
| Other Nondurable Goods[4] | 3.7 | 3.7 | 4.2 | 0.0 | - 11.9 |

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[2]Revised.
[3]This category includes Instruments & Related Products and Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries.
[4]This category includes Petroleum & Coal Products and Leather & Leather Products.
[5]This category includes Services, except Domestic, Agricultural Services; Forestry and Fisheries.
*Less than .05 percent.
All data are based on 1987 Standard Industrial Classification Codes.
Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

# *Table I*
*(Continued)*

***Detailed Industry Employment in North Carolina (Not Seasonally Adjusted)***

***June 1991[1]***

***(Numbers in Thousands)***

| Industry | Total Employment June 1991 | May[2] 1991 | June 1990 | Percent Change From: May 1991 | June 1990 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Service-Producing | 2,120.2 | 2,115.5 | 2,122.6 | + 0.2 | - 0.1 |
| Transportation & Public Utilities | 153.2 | 153.2 | 152.3 | 0.0 | + 0.6 |
| Communications & Utilities | 57.4 | 57.2 | 57.9 | + 0.3 | - 0.9 |
| Wholesale & Retail Trade | 712.4 | 710.2 | 725.1 | + 0.3 | - 1.8 |
| Wholesale Trade | 164.3 | 163.5 | 168.8 | - 0.5 | - 2.7 |
| Wholesale Trade - Durable Goods | 94.0 | 93.7 | 97.5 | + 0.3 | - 3.6 |
| Wholesale Trade - Nondurable Goods | 70.3 | 69.8 | 71.3 | + 0.7 | - 1.4 |
| Retail Trade | 548.1 | 546.7 | 556.3 | + 0.3 | - 1.5 |
| General Merchandise Stores | 73.5 | 73.8 | 77.8 | - 0.4 | - 5.5 |
| Food Stores | 91.7 | 91.4 | 91.6 | + 0.3 | + 0.1 |
| Finance, Insurance & Real Estate | 135.7 | 134.5 | 135.9 | + 0.9 | - 0.1 |
| Service & Miscellaneous[5] | 614.7 | 609.2 | 603.0 | + 0.9 | + 1.9 |
| Hotels & Other Lodging Places | 33.7 | 32.7 | 34.2 | + 3.1 | - 1.5 |
| Personal Services | 29.2 | 29.3 | 28.5 | - 0.3 | + 2.5 |
| Laundries, Cleaning & Garment Service | 13.8 | 13.7 | 14.2 | + 0.7 | - 2.8 |
| Health Services | 165.0 | 163.4 | 156.6 | + 1.0 | + 5.4 |
| Hospitals | 66.1 | 65.3 | 62.3 | + 1.2 | + 6.1 |
| Legal Services | 13.9 | 13.6 | 14.3 | + 2.2 | - 2.8 |
| Education Services | 29.5 | 33.5 | 30.1 | - 11.9 | - 2.0 |
| Total Government | 504.2 | 508.4 | 506.3 | - 0.8 | - 0.4 |
| Federal | 59.7 | 59.3 | 65.5 | + 0.7 | - 8.9 |
| State | 133.8 | 138.9 | 135.8 | - 3.7 | - 1.5 |
| Education | 65.2 | 70.7 | 67.9 | - 7.8 | - 4.0 |
| Other | 68.6 | 68.2 | 67.9 | + 0.6 | + 1.0 |
| Local | 310.7 | 310.2 | 305.0 | + 0.2 | + 1.9 |
| Education | 164.5 | 165.9 | 162.1 | - 0.8 | + 1.5 |
| Other | 146.2 | 144.3 | 142.9 | + 1.3 | + 2.3 |

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[2]Revised.
[3]This category includes Instruments & Related Products and Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries.
[4]This category includes Petroleum & Coal Products and Leather & Leather Products.
[5]This category includes Services, except Domestic, Agricultural Services; Forestry and Fisheries.
[6]Less than .05 percent.
All data are based on 1987 Standard Industrial Classification Codes.
Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

# Table II

***Average Weekly Earnings, Hours and Hourly Earnings of Selected Production and Non-supervisory Workers in North Carolina[1]***

***June 1991[2]***

| | Average Weekly Earnings | | | Average Weekly Hours | | | Average Hourly Earnings | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | June 1991 | May[3] 1991 | June[3] 1990 | June 1991 | May[3] 1991 | June[3] 1990 | June 1991 | May[3] 1991 | June[3] 1990 |
| Mining | $462.34 | $446.15 | $488.58 | 44.8 | 43.4 | 47.9 | $10.32 | $10.28 | $10.20 |
| Construction | 403.85 | 399.40 | 398.53 | 41.0 | 40.1 | 41.6 | 9.85 | 9.96 | 9.58 |
| Manufacturing | 370.06 | 360.24 | 353.03 | 40.4 | 39.5 | 40.3 | 9.16 | 9.12 | 8.76 |
| Durable Goods | 376.11 | 369.66 | 367.74 | 39.8 | 39.2 | 40.5 | 9.45 | 9.43 | 9.08 |
| Lumber & Wood Products | 330.07 | 327.95 | 320.76 | 40.4 | 39.8 | 40.5 | 8.17 | 8.24 | 7.92 |
| Millwork, Plywood & Structural Members | 336.19 | 330.40 | 320.80 | 40.8 | 40.0 | 40.1 | 8.24 | 8.26 | 8.00 |
| Furniture & Fixtures | 305.98 | 302.52 | 300.32 | 36.6 | 36.1 | 37.4 | 8.36 | 8.38 | 8.03 |
| Household Furniture | 302.02 | 298.57 | 296.43 | 36.3 | 35.8 | 37.1 | 8.32 | 8.34 | 7.99 |
| Wood Household Furniture | 299.44 | 307.26 | 291.82 | 38.0 | 38.6 | 38.6 | 7.88 | 7.96 | 7.56 |
| Stone, Clay & Glass Products | 416.30 | 402.60 | 416.79 | 41.3 | 40.3 | 42.1 | 10.08 | 9.99 | 9.90 |
| Structural Clay Products | 343.98 | 337.95 | 327.92 | 39.0 | 38.8 | 39.7 | 8.82 | 8.71 | 8.26 |
| Primary Metal Industries | 456.21 | 453.99 | 446.22 | 41.1 | 40.9 | 42.7 | 11.10 | 11.10 | 10.45 |
| Fabricated Metal Industries | 403.10 | 401.23 | 402.68 | 40.8 | 40.9 | 41.3 | 9.88 | 9.81 | 9.75 |
| Industrial Machinery | 437.13 | 423.13 | 413.40 | 41.2 | 40.2 | 41.8 | 10.61 | 10.53 | 9.89 |
| Special Industry Machinery | 392.43 | 383.38 | 399.00 | 39.8 | 39.2 | 42.0 | 9.86 | 9.78 | 9.50 |
| Electrical Machinery | 407.13 | 396.73 | 389.25 | 41.8 | 40.9 | 41.9 | 9.74 | 9.72 | 9.29 |
| Household Appliances | 312.19 | 297.67 | 310.20 | 43.3 | 41.4 | 44.0 | 7.21 | 7.19 | 7.05 |
| Transportation Equipment | 451.11 | 435.49 | 448.42 | 41.5 | 40.1 | 43.2 | 10.87 | 10.86 | 10.38 |
| Nondurable Goods | 365.89 | 354.52 | 344.11 | 40.7 | 39.7 | 40.2 | 8.99 | 8.93 | 8.56 |
| Food & Kindred Products | 319.93 | 327.64 | 317.05 | 39.4 | 40.3 | 40.7 | 8.12 | 8.13 | 7.79 |
| Meat Products | 263.64 | 269.58 | 267.98 | 38.6 | 38.9 | 39.7 | 6.83 | 6.93 | 6.75 |
| Meat Packing Plants | 346.51 | 379.29 | 358.69 | 41.3 | 45.1 | 42.6 | 8.39 | 8.41 | 8.42 |

[1]These data pertain to production workers in selected manufacturing industries and non-supervisory employees in selected nonmanufacturing industries.
[2]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[3]Revised.
All data are based on 1987 Standard Industrial Classification Codes.
Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

# *Table II*

*(Continued)*

***Average Weekly Earnings, Hours and Hourly Earnings of Selected Production and Non-supervisory Workers in North Carolina[1]***

***June 1991[2]***

| | Average Weekly Earnings | | | Average Weekly Hours | | | Average Hourly Earnings | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | June 1991 | May[3] 1991 | June[3] 1990 | June 1991 | May[3] 1991 | June[3] 1990 | June 1991 | May[3] 1991 | June[3] 1990 |
| Dairy Products | 372.30 | 356.99 | 345.05 | 43.8 | 42.6 | 43.9 | 8.50 | 8.38 | 7.86 |
| Grain Mill Products | 393.36 | 390.39 | 397.09 | 45.9 | 45.5 | 47.9 | 8.57 | 8.58 | 8.29 |
| Bakery Products | 342.47 | 375.31 | 340.02 | 39.5 | 42.6 | 39.4 | 8.67 | 8.81 | 8.63 |
| Beverages | 672.97 | 625.74 | 591.89 | 44.1 | 42.8 | 41.8 | 15.26 | 14.62 | 14.16 |
| Tobacco Manufacturers | 752.68 | 748.05 | 664.32 | 38.5 | 38.9 | 38.4 | 19.55 | 19.23 | 17.30 |
| Cigarettes | 821.21 | 824.51 | 729.62 | 38.5 | 39.3 | 38.2 | 21.33 | 20.98 | 19.10 |
| Tobacco Stemming & Redrying | 266.19 | 240.45 | 249.24 | 38.3 | 35.0 | 40.2 | 6.95 | 6.87 | 6.20 |
| Textile Mill Products | 328.78 | 313.63 | 314.28 | 41.2 | 39.7 | 40.5 | 7.98 | 7.90 | 7.76 |
| Broadwoven Mills, Cotton, Manmade & Wool | 364.50 | 344.40 | 353.50 | 41.8 | 40.0 | 41.2 | 8.72 | 8.61 | 8.58 |
| Broadwoven Mills, Cotton | 356.79 | 337.85 | 340.90 | 41.2 | 39.7 | 40.2 | 8.66 | 8.51 | 8.48 |
| Broadwoven Mills, Manmade | 366.63 | 348.87 | 365.43 | 41.9 | 40.1 | 42.1 | 8.75 | 8.70 | 8.68 |
| Knitting Mills | 303.16 | 287.98 | 290.87 | 40.1 | 38.5 | 39.9 | 7.56 | 7.48 | 7.29 |
| Women's Hosiery, exc. Socks | 273.14 | 258.55 | 258.99 | 39.3 | 37.8 | 39.3 | 6.95 | 6.84 | 6.59 |
| Hosiery, NEC | 291.95 | 267.91 | 277.87 | 39.4 | 36.6 | 38.7 | 7.41 | 7.32 | 7.18 |
| Weft Knit Fabric Mills | 338.25 | 332.52 | 321.58 | 41.1 | 40.7 | 40.4 | 8.23 | 8.17 | 7.96 |
| Lace & Warp Knit Fabric | 379.59 | 363.38 | 357.57 | 44.5 | 42.6 | 43.5 | 8.53 | 8.53 | 8.22 |
| Textile Finishing, exc. Wool | 374.54 | 361.34 | 331.63 | 45.9 | 44.5 | 42.3 | 8.16 | 8.12 | 7.84 |
| Yarn & Thread Mills | 317.42 | 307.26 | 305.52 | 40.8 | 39.8 | 40.2 | 7.78 | 7.72 | 7.60 |
| Apparel & Other Textile Products | 246.53 | 239.36 | 228.61 | 38.4 | 37.4 | 37.6 | 6.42 | 6.40 | 6.08 |
| Men's & Boys' Suits, Coats & Furnishings | 253.89 | 251.04 | 230.76 | 39.0 | 38.8 | 37.4 | 6.51 | 6.47 | 6.17 |
| Women's & Children's Outerwear & Undergarments | 230.05 | 221.54 | 211.27 | 37.9 | 36.8 | 37.0 | 6.07 | 6.02 | 5.71 |

[1]These data pertain to production workers in selected manufacturing industries and non-supervisory employees in selected nonmanufacturing industries.
[2]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[3]Revised.
All data are based on 1987 Standard Industrial Classification Codes.
Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

# *Table II*

*(Continued)*

***Average Weekly Earnings, Hours and Hourly Earnings of Selected Production and Non-supervisory Workers in North Carolina[1]***

***June 1991[2]***

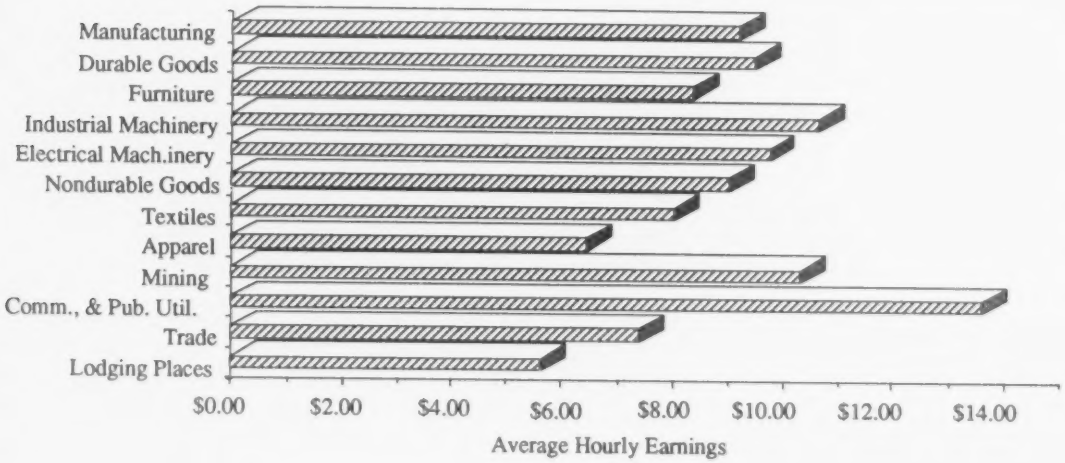
| | Average Weekly Earnings | | | Average Weekly Hours | | | Average Hourly Earnings | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | June 1991 | May[3] 1991 | June[3] 1990 | June 1991 | May[3] 1991 | June[3] 1990 | June 1991 | May[3] 1991 | June[3] 1990 |
| Paper & Allied Products | 559.44 | 529.09 | 528.43 | 44.4 | 42.6 | 43.6 | 12.60 | 12.42 | 12.12 |
| Pulp, Paper & Paperboard Mills | 745.20 | 714.38 | 712.87 | 46.0 | 45.3 | 46.2 | 16.20 | 15.77 | 15.43 |
| Paperboard Containers & Boxes | 441.07 | 405.57 | 414.38 | 43.8 | 41.3 | 42.5 | 10.07 | 9.82 | 9.75 |
| Printing & Publishing | 402.15 | 404.56 | 381.90 | 38.3 | 38.9 | 38.0 | 10.50 | 10.40 | 10.05 |
| Newspapers | 325.54 | 330.99 | 302.73 | 32.2 | 33.0 | 31.6 | 10.11 | 10.03 | 9.58 |
| Chemicals & Allied Products | 528.41 | 513.28 | 496.78 | 43.1 | 41.9 | 42.9 | 12.26 | 12.25 | 11.58 |
| Plastics & Synthetics | 554.26 | 539.75 | 533.89 | 42.8 | 42.8 | 42.3 | 12.95 | 12.76 | 12.33 |
| Rubber & Misc. Plastics Products | 476.15 | 465.75 | 432.14 | 42.4 | 41.4 | 41.0 | 11.23 | 11.25 | 10.54 |
| Comm. & Elec., Gas & Sanitary Services | 559.78 | 557.73 | 551.68 | 41.1 | 41.1 | 42.7 | 13.62 | 13.57 | 12.92 |
| Wholesale & Retail Trade | 231.31 | 229.09 | 225.92 | 31.3 | 31.0 | 32.0 | 7.39 | 7.39 | 7.06 |
| Wholesale Trade | 381.75 | 382.18 | 366.67 | 38.6 | 38.8 | 39.3 | 9.89 | 9.85 | 9.33 |
| Retail Trade | 189.86 | 186.62 | 186.90 | 29.3 | 28.8 | 30.0 | 6.48 | 6.48 | 6.23 |
| General Merchandise Stores | 187.15 | 185.54 | 181.38 | 28.1 | 27.9 | 28.7 | 6.66 | 6.65 | 6.32 |
| Food Stores | 204.46 | 197.57 | 198.11 | 30.7 | 29.8 | 31.1 | 6.66 | 6.63 | 6.37 |
| Services, Hotels & Other Lodging Places | 161.84 | 166.10 | 151.25 | 28.9 | 30.2 | 28.7 | 5.60 | 5.50 | 5.27 |
| Laundries, Cleaning & Garment Service | 231.88 | 234.93 | 223.17 | 34.1 | 34.6 | 35.2 | 6.80 | 6.79 | 6.34 |

[1]These data pertain to production workers in selected manufacturing industries and non-supervisory employees in selected nonmanufacturing industries.
[2]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[3]Revised.
All data are based on 1987 Standard Industrial Classification Codes.
Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

# Figure I

***Average Hourly Earnings by Major Industry Sectors in North Carolina***

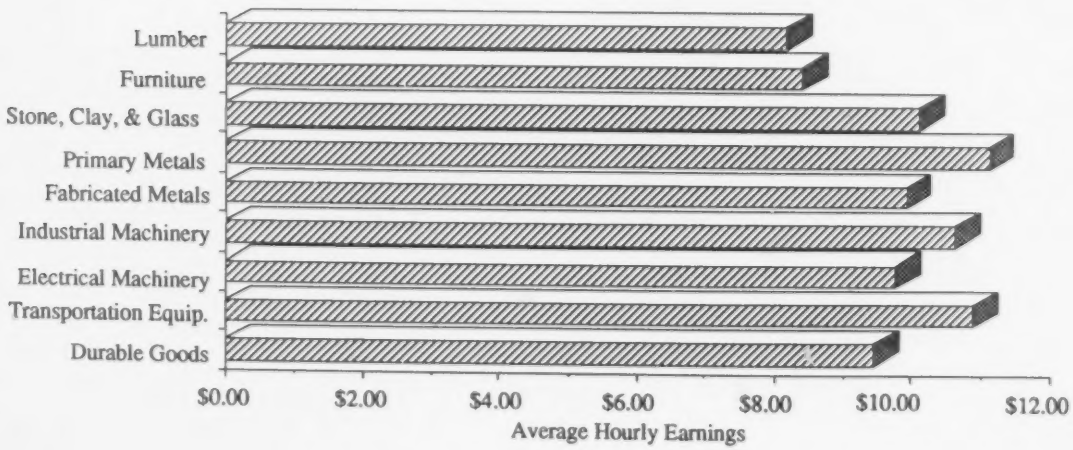
***June 1991***




# Figure II

***Average Hourly Earnings in Durable Goods Industries Compared to the North Carolina Average***

***June 1991***



# *Table III*

***Production Workers in Selected Manufacturing Industries in North Carolina***

***June 1991[1]***

***(Numbers in Thousands)***

| Industry | Number of Production Workers | | | Percent Change From: | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | June 1991 | May[2] 1991 | June 1990 | May 1991 | June 1990 |
| Manufacturing | 639.7 | 636.7 | 674.4 | + 0.5 | - 5.1 |
| Durable Goods | 246.2 | 245.4 | 263.1 | + 0.3 | - 6.4 |
| Lumber & Wood Products | 30.5 | 30.4 | 31.2 | + 0.3 | - 2.2 |
| Millwork, Plywood & Structural Members | 7.9 | 7.8 | 8.2 | + 1.3 | - 3.7 |
| Furniture & Fixtures | 69.0 | 68.7 | 74.2 | + 0.4 | - 7.0 |
| Household Furniture | 61.7 | 61.6 | 66.2 | + 0.2 | - 6.8 |
| Wood Household Furniture | 31.2 | 31.2 | 33.6 | 0.0 | - 7.1 |
| Stone, Clay & Glass Products | 16.4 | 16.5 | 18.5 | - 0.6 | - 11.4 |
| Structural Clay Products | 1.8 | 1.8 | 2.1 | 0.0 | - 14.3 |
| Primary Metal Industries | 8.4 | 8.6 | 9.2 | - 2.3 | - 8.7 |
| Fabricated Metal Industries | 21.8 | 21.5 | 22.3 | + 1.4 | - 2.2 |
| Industrial Machinery | 33.2 | 33.2 | 34.4 | 0.0 | - 3.5 |
| Special Industry Machinery | 5.0 | 5.1 | 5.5 | - 2.0 | - 9.1 |
| Electrical & Electronic Equipment | 33.5 | 33.2 | 36.5 | + 0.9 | - 8.2 |
| Household Appliances | 3.5 | 3.4 | 4.4 | + 2.9 | - 20.5 |
| Transportation Equipment | 18.2 | 18.1 | 21.1 | + 0.6 | - 13.7 |
| Instruments and Miscellaneous Manufacturing | 15.2 | 15.2 | 15.7 | 0.0 | - 3.2 |
| Nondurable Goods | 393.5 | 391.3 | 411.3 | + 0.6 | - 4.3 |
| Food & Kindred Products | 36.5 | 36.0 | 37.2 | + 1.4 | - 1.9 |
| Meat Products | 21.0 | 20.8 | 21.3 | + 1.0 | - 1.4 |
| Meat Packing Plants | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Dairy Products | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 0.0 | + 7.7 |
| Grain Mill Products | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 0.0 | + 6.2 |
| Bakery Products | 4.9 | 4.8 | 4.8 | + 2.1 | + 2.1 |

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[2]Revised.

All data are based on 1987 Standard Industrial Classification Codes.
Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

# *Table III*

*(Continued)*

***Production Workers in Selected Manufacturing Industries in North Carolina***

***June 1991[1]***

***(Numbers in Thousands)***

| Industry | Number of Production Workers | | | Percent Change From: | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | June 1991 | May[2] 1991 | June 1990 | May 1991 | June 1990 |
| Beverages | 1.9 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 0.0 | - 5.0 |
| Tobacco Manufacturers | 12.4 | 12.0 | 13.0 | + 3.3 | - 4.6 |
| Cigarettes | 10.8 | 10.3 | 11.1 | + 4.9 | - 2.7 |
| Tobacco Stemming & Redrying | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.5 | - 7.7 | - 20.0 |
| Textile Mill Products | 183.2 | 182.0 | 192.9 | + 0.7 | - 5.0 |
| Broadwoven Fabrics-Cotton, Synthetics & Wool | 44.7 | 44.5 | 46.8 | + 0.4 | - 4.5 |
| Broadwoven Fabrics Mills-Cotton | 20.7 | 20.7 | 21.7 | 0.0 | - 4.6 |
| Broadwoven Fabrics Mills-Manmade | 21.6 | 21.3 | 22.5 | + 1.4 | - 4.0 |
| Knitting Mills | 73.3 | 72.7 | 74.9 | + 0.8 | - 2.1 |
| Women's Hosiery, except Socks | 20.1 | 19.7 | 20.4 | + 2.0 | - 1.5 |
| Hosiery, NEC | 20.2 | 20.0 | 21.1 | + 1.0 | - 4.3 |
| Weft Knit Fabric Mills | 14.3 | 14.2 | 14.9 | + 0.7 | - 4.0 |
| Lace and Warp Knit Fabric Mills | 5.8 | 5.8 | 6.0 | 0.0 | - 3.3 |
| Textile Finishing, except Wool | 12.9 | 12.8 | 13.6 | + 0.8 | - 5.1 |
| Yarn & Thread Mills | 41.5 | 41.3 | 46.3 | + 0.5 | - 10.4 |
| Apparel & Other Textile Products | 66.4 | 66.5 | 71.3 | + 0.2 | - 6.9 |
| Men's & Boys' Suits, Coats & Furnishings | 23.8 | 23.8 | 26.3 | 0.0 | - 9.5 |
| Women's & Children's Outerwear & Undergarments | 24.8 | 24.6 | 26.4 | + 0.8 | - 6.1 |
| Paper & Allied Products | 18.1 | 17.9 | 18.1 | + 1.1 | 0.0 |
| Pulp, Paper & Paperboard Mills | 7.6 | 7.5 | 7.5 | + 1.3 | + 1.3 |
| Paperboard Containers & Boxes | 7.0 | 6.9 | 7.1 | + 1.4 | - 1.4 |
| Printing & Publishing | 18.8 | 18.9 | 19.3 | - 0.5 | - 2.6 |
| Newspapers | 3.9 | 3.9 | 4.2 | 0.0 | - 7.1 |
| Chemicals & Allied Products | 27.7 | 27.7 | 27.9 | 0.0 | - 0.7 |
| Plastics Materials & Synthetics | 10.1 | 10.1 | 9.9 | 0.0 | + 2.0 |
| Rubber & Miscellaneous Plastics Products | 27.3 | 27.2 | 28.1 | + 0.4 | - 2.8 |
| Other Nondurable Goods[3] | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.5 | 0.0 | - 11.4 |

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[2]Revised.
[3]This category includes Petroleum & Coal Products and Leather & Leather Products.

All data are based on 1987 Standard Industrial Classification Codes.
Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.